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CALFED WATERSHED MANAGEMENT POLICY

January 31, 1997

The mission of the CALFED Bay-Delta Program is to develop and implement a long-term comprehensive plan to restore ecological health and improve water management for beneficial uses of the Bay-Delta System. The CALFED Bay-Delta Program is developing and implementing a comprehensive plan to address a declining ecosystem, uncertain water supplies, and imperiled water quality. This plan will include an integrated approach to solving these problems and watershed management is one of the components of that approach. Watershed management will be included in each of the three alternative Bay-Delta solutions as a means of improving water quality, including enhancing sources of drinking water, overall ecosystem health and increased water yield.

As defined in this policy, watershed management is a comprehensive, integrated, basin-wide approach that may address many of the existing water quality problems including but not limited to point and non-point, pollution sources, habitat loss, and surface water quality degradation. A watershed-wide focus will help to better integrate and coordinate State/Federal resource management programs with local watershed activities, while ensuring long-term benefits for the Bay-Delta system.

A primary role of CALFED is to coordinate the solution of Bay-Delta system problems on a large scale. CALFED watershed management will be an outgrowth of this role, emphasizing the efforts of diverse interests - environmental, agricultural, industrial, municipal and other local, State and Federal agencies - working together to achieve long term solutions to the problems of the Bay-Delta system.

CALFED fosters local stewardship and supports community based watershed interests. CALFED might, for example, work with local agencies to assist in the formation of alliances and cooperative projects to improve water quality for beneficial uses on a larger scale that might be possible with local agencies working alone or in more narrowly scoped programs.

CALFED supports sound scientific investigations and pilot programs to develop and demonstrate methods for protecting and enhancing beneficial uses of the Bay-Delta System. An important component of CALFED support for programs is to assure development of adequate technical documentation to support decision-making in a long-term adaptive management process. For example, CALFED might assume a leadership role in coordinating assessment activities throughout the watersheds tributary to the Bay-Delta to assure uniform data collection protocols, uniform application of quality control, standardized analyses, and compatible database structures.

Emphasis for CALFED involvement in watershed management activities will be placed on activities that are consistent with its solution principles to reduce conflict, and to be equitable,

- 13. Investigate whether offstream storage off the Sacramento River (such as the Sites Reservoir or the Thomes Newville Reservoir), combined with an enlarges Shasta Dam, can provide additional flood protection as well as fishery enhancement flows.
- 14. Investigate whether offstream storage off the Yuba River can provide flood protection as well as fishery enhancement flows.
- 15. Investigate whether an enlarged Friant Dam can provide flood protection as well as fishery enhancement flows.
- 16. Investigate whether environmentally beneficial reconstruction of diversions on Butte and Mill Creeks can be incorporated in the flood protection plans for those tributaries.
- 17. Investigate the long-term flood protection plan can mitigate the loss of spawning gravels caused by the flood.

affordable, durable, implementable and not to have significant redirected impacts. Other criteria such as technical, economical, financial and institutional feasibility will also be considered for any watershed management project.

The problems to be addressed by CALFED are these in the legally defined Delta (generally extending north to the City of Sacramento, east to Interstate 5, south to Tracy and west to Chipps Island), Suisun Bay (extending to the Carquinez Strait), and Suisun Marsh. To address problems in the Delta estuary, CALFED activities may extend throughout the Central Valley watershed, the Southern California water system service area and the portion of the Pacific Ocean out to the Farallon Islands.

In all such activities, it will be the CALFED role to assist implementation of projects on a larger watershed scale to help unify individual watershed management activities:

- CALFED may take an active role to help plan and coordinate outreach and educational programs.
- CALFED will support and foster local watershed management activities through technical, financial and policy activities.
- CALFED will solicit assistance in developing criteria to select CALFED funded implementation projects.
- CALFED will solicit technical information and will involve the stakeholders and agencies to develop a standardized approach to assure uniform data collection protocols, application of quality control, standardized analyses, and compatible database structures.
- CALFED can enter into partnerships with entities managing watershed programs.

CALFED watershed management activities will be fully coordinated with existing or new watershed management programs affecting the Bay Delta System including, but not limited to, the State Water Resources Control Board's Sacramento River Watershed Program, the Sacramento County and City's Sacramento River Toxic Pollutant Control Program, and the Regional Water Quality Control Board's Watershed Initiative Program.